

Latvia

Health Professionals and Smoking Cessation in a Larger Europe
Country Report
November 2005

SUMMARY

1. INTRODUCTION

1.1. Brief description of the country [3.]

Latvia is situated in the north-east part of Europe on the shore of the Baltic Sea and borders with the two other Baltic States – Estonia and Lithuania as well as Russia and Belarus.

The territory covers 64 689 square kilometres, 45% of which is forests; the length of its border on land is 1 862 km and its sea boarder is 494 km long.

Latvia's capital city is Riga, where about one third of the country's inhabitants reside. The total number of inhabitants is 2.306 million (as of 1 January 2004, data from the Population Register). Approximately 70% are urban and 30% are rural residents.

Latvia has four administrative regions – Kurzeme, Zemgale, Vidzeme and Latgale.

The three largest ports are in Ventspils, Riga and Liepaja.

State language: Latvian language, which belongs to the Baltic languages and stems from the Indo-European language group.

National currency: Lat (Ls / LVL) = 100 santimes. In 2008, Latvia plans to introduce euro - the single currency of the European Union.

Ethnic composition:

Titular nations: Latvians (58.8%) and Livonians (~0.008%);

Other ethnic groups: Russians (28.6%), Belarusians (3.8%), Ukrainians (2.6%), Poles (2.5%), Lithuanians (1.4%), other groups (2.3%)

Economically active inhabitants: 62.2%, unemployment rate – 7.8% (as of July 2005, data from the Central Statistical Bureau)

Religions: Lutheran, Roman Catholic, Orthodox

International country ID: LV

Republic of Latvia is an independent democratic republic, which was proclaimed on 18 November 1918. The Soviet army occupied Latvia on 17 June 1940. On 5 August 1940 Latvia was incorporated in the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics. Latvia regained its independence on 21 August 1991 in the result of so called "singing revolution".

Legislator is the Saeima (the parliament), which consists of 100 representatives elected for a period of 4 years. The Saeima is elected in general, equal, direct, closed and proportional elections. The right to vote applies to those Latvia's citizens whose rights have not been limited

and who are 18 years old on the day of elections. The 8th Saeima was elected on 5 November 2002.

The head of the state is the State President who is elected by the Saeima for a period of 4 years. Since 17 June 1999 the President of Latvia is Mrs. Vaira Vike-Freiberga. The Speaker of the Saeima is Mrs. Ingrida Udre.

The executive authority belongs to the Prime Minister and the Cabinet of Ministers. The Cabinet of Ministers is created by a person invited by the State President. The Prime Minister and the ministers get authority for work from the Saeima by a confidence vote. Since 2 December 2004 the Prime Minister is Mr. Aigars Kalvitis.

Since 2004 Latvia is a member state of the European Union and NATO.

2. THE USE OF TOBACCO PRODUCTS

Smoking is a widespread problem in Latvia. There is an urgent need to change the situation. The FINBALT Health monitoring survey [1.] indicates that 47.3% of men and 17.8% of women are daily smokers. Especially high is smoking in the population of young people. As statistics show, 34.3% of schoolchildren (15 years old) smoke.

The percentage of adults who smoke daily has not changed significantly over the past seven years. A slight decrease has only been registered last year. Also, the proportion of men and women who consider themselves non-smokers has increased since 2002. The proportion of daily smokers expressing willingness to give up smoking is increasing every year.

The total percentage of the respondents exposed to tobacco smoke at work for more than 1 hour per day decreased from 23% in 2002 to 16.4% in 2004. About half of the respondents are exposed to tobacco smoke at home, yet this number has decreased since 2002.

3. THE HARM DONE BY TOBACCO

Smoking is a reason for more than 4100 deaths every year [2.]. In other words, almost 12 inhabitants of Latvia die every day of diseases caused by smoking. Health care expenses related to tobacco consumption represent a heavy burden to the country's financial system. The health care costs related to smoking-caused diseases were over 17 million EUR in the first 6 months of 2004.

4. MEASURES TO REDUCE THE HARM DONE BY TOBACCO

The Ministry of Health defined tobacco control as one of the priorities. A number of positive developments and achievements so far include:

- A national multi-sectoral co-ordinating body for tobacco control exists since 1997
- Latvia is collecting regular smoking prevalence data using standardised methodology (FINBALT survey) since 1998
- National legislation amended to be in line with the EU Directive on product regulation from May 1, 2004
- Latvia is a party to the WHO Framework Convention on Tobacco Control since May 2005

In co-operation with other institutions and with support from the WHO, the Ministry of Health has prepared the National Programme and Action Plan on Tobacco Control for 2005 - 2010. This Programme is based on the guidelines and framework of the European Strategy for Tobacco Control and recently ratified WHO Framework Convention on Tobacco Control.

The goal of the National Programme is to improve the health of the population by significantly reducing tobacco use and providing protection against the harmful impact of tobacco smoke.

This goal will be achieved through multidisciplinary co-operation and through achieving the following three objectives:

- 1) ensuring a sustainable decrease in the demand for tobacco among the population;
- 2) succeeding in measures to reduce the supply of tobacco;
- 3) ensuring monitoring, evaluation and reporting on tobacco use and tobacco control policies.

The Ministry of Health recognises that adoption of comprehensive clean air laws is the cornerstone of strategies that have been successful in reducing smoking. There is a widespread support of the society for smoking bans in the public places in Latvia.

A special law on restrictions regarding sale, advertising and use of tobacco products is in force in Latvia since 1997. The purpose of this Law is to protect human health and the right to clean, smoke-free environment. The country has completely banned sales of tobacco products for oral use, which include snuff and chewing tobacco. Tobacco products can not be sold in markets and using vending machines.

According to the law on tobacco products, there is a ban for smoking in schools and other institutions for children, in public transportation and its stops and stations, in stairways of residential houses and other public places, excluding places where smoking is allowed in specially designated rooms. The existing legislation foresees that the State Police and Municipality Police are responsible for control and enforcement of the anti-smoking provisions. The local municipalities have the right to restrict smoking in parks, squares, beaches and similar public territories by issuing municipal rules. This right has generated a number of positive examples where the local municipalities take initiative and enforce stricter anti-smoking measures that foreseen by the national legislation.

As of July 2006 a partial ban on smoking will be set in the following places: workplaces, discos, sports halls, higher educational establishments and medical institutions. Smoking in those places will be permitted in separate, closed and appropriately ventilated area. In cafés, restaurants and other public catering establishments, gambling halls and casinos owners must set up a no-smoking zone, no less than 50% of the total area of the establishment and the separate space for smokers will have to be appropriately ventilated.

As of 1 August 2005 amendments to tobacco legislation have been enacted that prohibit tobacco advertising in the printed media, restrict tobacco sponsorship, - as foreseen in the EU Directive 2003/33/EC.

5. COMMUNITY ACTION AND MEDIA EDUCATION

Latvian National Coalition on Tobacco Control was established on April 16, 2004. The aim of the coalition is to support and participate in tobacco control activities in Latvia, Europe and worldwide. One of the coalition's tasks is to provide opportunities to receive relevant care (

treatment) for tobacco addicts including discounts on treatment costs .The coalition members (now 22) are NGOs and other organisations that have expressed interest to participate in the coalitions work in accordance with rules and are not and have not in any way been involved with tobacco industry. In coalition we have representatives from governmental organizations, non- govnrmental organizations ,health professional organizations, educators and health promoters.

6. THE EFFECTIVENESS AND COST EFFECTIVENESS OF SMOKING CESSATION INTERVENTIONS

Smoking cessation interventions have been shown to be highly cost-effective. It was estimated that the cost per discounted life year saved from a societal perspective ranged from 212 pounds to 873 pounds(Smoking cessation in primary care...how to spend NHS money much more effectively: Ann McNeill, Clive Bates, Action on Smoking and Health London, July 2000).

Country data are not available.

7. HEALTH CARE INFRASTRUCTURE

7.1. Integrated health care system

Smoking cessation now is responsibility of the narcology (substance dependency treatment) service.

7.2. Structures for quality of care

State Agency of Medicines evaluates and certifies pharmaceutical products and controls the quality of medicines and pharmaceutical products use for treatment of the tobacco dependence.

Latvian association of professionals for drug and alcohol dependency treatment and The Narcology State Agency has the responsibility of preparing clinical guidelines for smoking cessation to health care providers. No organization reviews the cost effectiveness of smoking cessation interventions and deals with cases of clinical negligence in smoking cessation.

7.3. Research and knowledge for health

There are no funding from governmental, government appointed or non-governmental organizations allocated for formal research program for smoking cessation.

Education on smoking cessation is the part of the curriculum medical, nursing, pharmacy and dentistry students and continuing medical education.

7.4. Health care policies and strategies for smoking cessation

In Latvia a governmental written policy on smoking cessation which is part of an overall tobacco control program 2005 –2010 waiting for final adoption in the Cabinet (in the coming weeks)

7.5. Structures to manage the implementation of treatment within health services

There is identified person within the Public Health Department Ministry of Health who oversees smoking cessation services – Mr. Andris Egle ,head of the health promotion and environmental health unit.

7.6. Funding health services and allocating resources

There is governmental funding for narcology services but for treatment of the tobacco dependence clients must pay full cost of the medication and for counselling.

No proportion of tobacco taxes is earmarked to fund the costs of smoking cessation services.

8. SUPPORT FOR TREATMENT PROVISION

8.1. Screening, quality assessment, referral and follow-up systems

There are no screening and support systems available for health care providers in smoking cessation.

8.2. Protocols and guidelines

There are clinical guidelines for family doctors on treatment of the tobacco dependence (from 2001) endorsed by two professional organizations –a)Latvian association of the family doctors and b)Latvian association of professionals for drug and alcohol dependency treatment.

New guidelines on treatment of the tobacco dependence have been prepared in 2005 by Narcology state agency and approved by Department of the psychiatry and narcology of the Riga Stradins University. New guidelines not endorsed yet.

Cabinet of Latvia (31.05.2005.) approved Regulation nr.386 on medical technologies, including technologies on treatment tobacco intoxication and tobacco dependence(<http://www.vsmta.lv/medtehn./Narkologija.htm>)

Health care providers do not reimbursed for smoking cessation.

9. INTERVENTION AND TREATMENT

9.1. Availability and accessibility

Generally help for smoking cessation is available and obtainable in various settings as for example family doctors practices, addiction services, telephone help- line, pharmacists and internet sites.

In Latvia NRT gum, NRT patch , Bupropion (Zyban,Wellbutrin SR) and Cytisine (Tabex) are licensed for use.

Gum, patch and Tabex are available from pharmacies over the counter. Only Bupropion are available from doctors prescription. NRT and Tabex can be advertised on television.

9.2. Affordability

The pharmacological products for smoking cessation are available only paying the full cost. Counseling interventions are free of charge only for persons under age of 18 in the state addiction services.

The unit cost of NRT 4 mg gum is 0,21 EUR and the unit cost of Bupropion is 1,42 EUR.

In Latvia there is specialist service for smoking cessation by both referral and self-referral available and it is not reimbursed for the patient.

10. HEALTH CARE PROVIDERS

10.1. Clinical accountability

We saw that nurses do not consider smoking cessation advice as a part of their routine; Family doctors, pharmacists, cardiologists, midwives, dentists, oncologists, ENT and paediatricians consider advice as a part of their routine; while lung physicians consider it as an important part of their routine clinical practice.

10.2. Treatment provision

The most recent FINBALT survey in 2004 tells that only 15,1% of daily smokers are given advice by doctors to stop smoking during the last year. No study examines, for example, the smoking status of the patients or if the pharmacological products are recommended.

11. HEALTH CARE USERS

11.1. Knowledge

In Latvia there is FINBALT survey that provides some information on knowledge about the harmful effects of smoking and attitude toward smoking. In 2004 21,2% of daily smokers express that they are very much worried about the damages caused by smoking to own health but 27,8% was a little worried about the damages caused by smoking. Only 10,2% of daily smokers told that they not worried about the health damage caused by smoking.

In 2004 FINBALT survey 54 % respondents told that they read an article or booklet about the negative effects of smoking on health.

11.2. Treatment seeking behaviour

In Latvia there is data from The 2004 FINBALT survey that 3,8% respondents have used NRT and 0,4% have participated in smoking cessation courses.

11.3. Smoking behaviour and intentions to quit

The percentage of daily smokers in 2004 decreases in men from 51,1% (2002) to 47,3% and in women from 19,2% to 17,8%. This positive trend is due to an extensive anti-smoking policy and public opinion changes on smoking habits.

The proportion of daily smokers expressing willingness to give up smoking is increasing by every survey year. In 2004 60,1% daily smokers want to quit smoking.

REFERENCES

11.2. Printed sources

1. Iveta Pudule et al. *Health Behaviour among Latvian Adult Population, 2004* Health Promotion State Agency, Latvia ; National Public Health Institute Helsinki, Finland 2005

2. Peto R, Lopez AD, Boreham J, Thun M. Mortality from Smoking in Developed Countries 1950-2010. 2nd Edn. Data updated 23 August 2004. Imperial Cancer Research Fund, World Health Organization. Oxford, Oxford University Press.

11.3. Electronic Sources

3. The Cabinet of Ministers of the Republic of Latvia – About Latvia, <http://www.mk.gov.lv/index.php/en/?id=1234>, accessed November 20, 2005.
- 4.

THE ASSESSMENT TOOL

A tool to assess the available services for smoking cessation at the country or regional level

Please cross the box, place a cross in the table or ring the option corresponding to your answer or write your answer where indicated.

PART I

Personal details of contact person for completion of tool

Name: Iveta Bluka

Organization and position: Health Promotion State Agency, Deputy Director

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Website: www.esi-vesels.lv

Country: Latvia

If you are answering for a jurisdictional¹ region rather than a country as a whole, which jurisdictional region is it?

Please note: unless you state otherwise in the tool, it will be assumed, if you are completing the questionnaire for a jurisdictional region other than a country, that all your answers are for this jurisdictional region.

Population size of the country/region: 2 311 400

Date of completing the tool (dd-mm-yy): 25.10.04.

¹ Such a jurisdictional region could be a region within a country or a municipality

Is there a country-wide or region-wide formal or informal smoking cessation coalition or partnership?

- Yes
- No
- Do not know

If yes:

What is the name of the coalition? Lavian Coalition on Tobacco Control

When was it established? 16.04.2004.

Please describe the aim of the coalition in one sentence: (1) To support tobacco control activities in Latvia, EU and world. (2) To support implementation of Convention on Tobacco Control.

Please provide a separate word document listing the members of the coalition or partnership, including the following information:

Name of member organization or individual:

One sentence description of organization or individual: (e.g. "national scientific body representing general practitioners", or "recognized expert")

PART II

A. LEGISLATIVE MEASURES

This section will provide the completed country specific WHO European profiles of tobacco control, and the completed country specific profiles of the ENSP project on tobacco control policies as attachments. The files will be sent separately and at a later date.

Respondents will be asked to check and update the data, and provide an assessment of implementation and enforcement.

There is no need to do anything at present.

B. COMMUNITY ACTION AND MEDIA EDUCATION

1. What is the percentage of health professionals in your country or region who smoke?

	% who are daily smokers	Date of survey	Please provide filename for document reference (and complete document reference template)
1.1. Doctors overall	35,2	1994	ATHP1.1.Latvia
1.2. Nurses overall	28,4	1994	ATHP.1.1.Latvia
1.3. General practitioners			
1.4. Nurses in general practice			
1.5. Nurses in general hospitals			
1.6. Pharmacists			
1.7. Midwives			
1.8. Dentists			
1.9. Oncologists			
1.10. Cardiologists			
1.11. Lung physicians			
1.12. Surgeons			
1.13. Gynaecologists			

2. Have there been public education campaigns implemented in your country or region in the past 24 months in the listed media that provide information about why smokers should quit smoking, or provide information on how to quit? If so, were they publicly funded?

	Provide information about why smokers should quit smoking	Provide information on how to quit	Were the campaigns publicly funded		
			Fully	Partial	No
Television	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Radio	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Newspapers and magazines	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Billboards	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Other (please state)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

C. HEALTH CARE INFRASTRUCTURE

Integrated health care system

3. Would you say that smoking cessation is integrated in the health care system, including co-operation or relationships between primary health care and secondary health care, similar to that for other chronic diseases such as asthma?

- Yes, widely
 Yes, partially
 No
 Do not know

Structures for quality of care

4. For each topic in the table, is there a formal governmental organization, or organization appointed or contracted by the government that:

	Yes	No	If yes, please provide filename for organizational reference (and complete organization reference template)
4.1. Licenses drugs for smoking cessation?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	ATHP4.1Latvia
4.2. Has the responsibility of preparing clinical guidelines for smoking cessation?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	ATHP4.2Latvia
4.3. Monitors health outcomes at the population level from smoking cessation?	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	ATHP4.3Latvia
4.4. Monitors the quality of care provided for smoking cessation?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
4.5. Reviews the cost effectiveness of smoking cessation interventions?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
4.6. Deals with cases of clinical negligence in smoking cessation?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
4.7. Reviews the safety of pharmacological treatments for smoking cessation?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
4.8. Provides information on smoking cessation to health care providers?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	

Research and knowledge for health

5. Is there a formal research programme for smoking cessation with specifically allocated funding from governmental, government appointed or non-governmental organizations (excluding the pharmaceutical companies and the tobacco industry)?

Yes
 No

6. Is education on smoking cessation formally part of the curriculum of undergraduate/basic professional training of the following health care providers?

	Undergraduate/ basic professional training		Postgraduate professional training		Continuing medical education	
	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
Medical students	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Nursing students	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Pharmacy students	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Dentistry students	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Health care policies and strategies for smoking cessation

7. Are there official written policies on smoking cessation from the Government or Ministry of Health in your country or region? Please mark all that apply:

Yes, a governmental written stand alone policy on smoking cessation
 Yes, a governmental written policy on smoking cessation which is part of an overall tobacco control policy
 No, but there is a governmental policy on smoking cessation in preparation
 No, there are no governmental policies on smoking cessation
 Do not know

If yes,

Please give filename for document reference:
 (and complete document reference template)

8. If available, the governmental policy on smoking cessation includes:

	Yes	No
A strategy on training for health professionals	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
A national funded research strategy for smoking cessation	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
A strategy for support of interventions by primary care professionals	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Intensive support for smoking cessation in specialised treatment facilities	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Position promoting the use of pharmaceutical products	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Structures to manage the implementation of treatment within health services

9. Is there an identified person within the Department of Health or Government, or who is contracted by the Department of Health or Government, who oversees or manages smoking cessation services?

- Yes
 No
 Do not know

Please provide his/her contact details:

Name: Mr. Andris Egle

Organization and position: Ministry of Health/ Head of Health Promotion and Environmental Health Unit

Address: 25 Baznicas Street, Riga, Latvia, LV 1010

Telephone: +371 7021651

Email: andris.egle@vm.gov.lv

Website: www.vm.gov.lv

Funding health services and allocating resources

10. Is there government funding for services for smoking cessation?

- Yes
 No
 Do not know

If no,

- Funding is being prepared

11. Is the funding reviewed?

- Yes
 No
 Do not know

If yes,

- Annually reviewed
 Reviewed every 2 to 5 years
 Reviewed every 5 years or longer
 Other (please specify):

12. Is a proportion of tobacco taxes specifically earmarked (hypothecated) to fund the costs of smoking cessation services?

- Yes
 No
 Do not know

13. If yes, please state the proportion:

14. Is yes, is the money raised from the tax actually spent on the costs of smoking cessation services?

- Yes
 No

Do not know

15. Is the hypothecated tax reviewed?

Yes

No

Do not know

If yes,

Annually reviewed

Reviewed every 2 to 5 years

Reviewed every 5 years or longer

Other (please specify):

D. SUPPORT FOR TREATMENT PROVISION

Screening, quality assessment, referral and follow-up systems

16. Are the following screening and support systems available for health care providers in smoking cessation?

	Available in general practice			Available in hospitals		
	Yes, widely	Yes, partially	No	Yes, widely	Yes, partially	No
Standardized screening instruments to identify smoking status	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Standardized case notes or computer records to record smoking status	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Protocol charts or diagrams as an aid for smoking cessation	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Support by facilitators or advisors for smoking cessation	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Systems to follow-up patients for monitoring and treatment	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Protocols and guidelines

17. Are there multidisciplinary clinical guidelines for smoking cessation in your country/region that have been approved or endorsed by at least one health care professional body?

- Yes
 No
 Do not know

If yes:

- Stand alone guidelines for smoking cessation
 Part of other clinical care guidelines (e.g. asthma guidelines)

If yes, please provide filename for document reference(s): ATHP17Latvia
(and complete document reference template(s))

If no:

- Guidelines are being prepared

18. If there are endorsed clinical guidelines for smoking cessation, have there been any studies in your country on their implementation or adherence?

- Yes
 No
 Do not know

If yes, please provide filename for document reference(s):
(and complete document reference template(s))

If no:

- Studies are being prepared

19. Are the following health care providers reimbursed for smoking cessation, or is smoking cessation within their terms of service (contract) and part of their normal salary?

	Reimbursed for providing smoking cessation		Smoking cessation within terms of service and part of normal salary	
	Yes	No	Yes	No
General practitioners	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Nurses working in general practice	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Doctors in hospital	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Nurses in hospitals	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Pharmacists	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Dentists	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Addiction specialists	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

20. For the following professional groups, are there specialized guidelines or protocols, a written policy on smoking cessation by the professional association, smoking cessation training within professional vocational education and smoking cessation training within accredited continuing medical education?

For the following professional groups, are there the following for smoking cessation:								
	Specialized guidelines or protocols		Written policy on smoking cessation by professional association		Smoking cessation training within professional vocational training		Smoking cessation training within accredited continuing medical education	
	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
General practitioners	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Nurses in general practice	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Nurses in general hospitals	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Specialist nurses	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Pharmacists	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Midwives	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Dentists	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Oncologists	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Cardiologists	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Lung physicians	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Ear, nose and throat specialists	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Internal medicine specialists	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Surgeons	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Psychiatrists	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Counsellors in specialist services	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Telephone quit line counsellors	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Counsellors in community clinics	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Obstetricians	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Paediatricians	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Addiction specialists	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

E. INTERVENTION AND TREATMENT

Availability and accessibility

21. Is patient help for smoking cessation available and obtainable (e.g., patients have good access) in the following settings?

Smoking cessation is available and obtainable:	Available in:			Obtainable from:		
	Yes	No	Do not know	Yes	No	Do not know
General/family practice	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Hospital clinics	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Work places	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Pharmacists	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Specialist clinics	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Addiction services	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Community based clinics	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Dentists	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Schools	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Prisons	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Telephone quit-lines	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Country or regional internet sites	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

22. Are the following products licensed for use? In what way are they available and, can they be advertised on the television?

Are these products licensed and available from:	Licensed for use?			General sale (e.g. in supermarkets)			From pharmacies (over the counter)			Doctors' prescription			Can be advertised on television		
	Yes	No	Do not know	Yes	No	Do not know	Yes	No	Do not know	Yes	No	Do not know	Yes	No	Do not know
NRT 2 mg gum	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
NRT 4 mg gum	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
NRT Patch	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
NRT Sub-lingual tablet	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
NRT Lozenge	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
NRT Inhaler	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
NRT Nasal spray	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Bupropion	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Other pharmaceuticals (please specify)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Affordability

23. Are the costs of smoking cessation or the following pharmacological products available free of charge or fully reimbursed to users by the health care system or other third party payers (insurance companies)?

Smoking cessation advice and treatment is free of charge or fully reimbursed	Yes, totally	Yes, partially (indicate the proportion covered)	Only by paying the full cost	Do not know
NRT 2 mg gum	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
NRT 4 mg gum	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
NRT patch	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
NRT sub-lingual tablet	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
NRT lozenge	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
NRT inhaler	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
NRT nasal spray	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Bupropion	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Other pharmaceuticals (please specify)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Brief counselling interventions	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Intensive counselling interventions	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

24. What is the unit cost (please state currency) for one 4mg piece of gum and one tablet of bupropion, and, if the information is available, what are the quantities sold (either in volume or in the costs of total sales) in your country/region

	Unit cost	Number of units sold (please state year)	Cost of total sales (please state year)
NRT 4 mg gum	EUR 0,21		
Bupropion	EUR 1,42		

25. Is there a specialist service (i.e., specialist or specialist clinic) for smoking cessation available in the country/region?

- Yes
- No
- Do not know

If yes,

- Only by referral
- Only by self-referral
- By both referral and self-referral

If yes, is it reimbursed for the patient?

- Yes
- No
- Do not know

F. HEALTH CARE PROVIDERS

Clinical accountability

26. To what extent do you estimate on a ten-point scale that treatment providers consider smoking cessation advice as a part of their routine clinical practice?

Advice is routine in clinical practice:	Not at all	Fully
General practitioners/ Family doctors	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	
	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	
Nurses working in general practice	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	
	<input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	
Pharmacists	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	
	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	
Midwives	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	
	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	
Dentists	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	
	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	
Oncologists	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	
	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	
Cardiologists	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	
	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	
Lung physicians	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	
	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	
ENT (ear, nose and throat) specialists	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	
	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	
Paediatricians	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	
	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	

If there are any publications on this topic, please provide the filenames for the document reference(s) and complete the document reference template(s):

Treatment provision

27. Have there been any studies, surveys or publications on the following or similar outcomes in primary health care (general practice/family practice), and if so, what are the main findings of the most recent results?

	Date of information Please write NO, if no information	Main findings	Please provide filename for document reference (and complete document reference template, one for each document)
Patients are asked or screened about their smoking status	NO		
Smoking patients are given advice to quit	NO		
Smoking patients are assessed their willingness to quit	NO		
Smoking patients are assisted with quitting	NO		
Treatment meets quality criteria	NO		
Practice protocols are followed	NO		
Pharmacological products are recommended	NO		
Pharmacological products are prescribed	NO		
Abstinence is assessed at the end of treatment	NO		
Patients making a quit attempt are followed- up	NO		
Smoking patients stopped in the last year	NO		

G. HEALTH CARE USERS

Knowledge

28. Have there been any studies, surveys or publications that provide answers for the following or similar information concerning smoking and if so, what are the main findings of the most recent results?

	Date of information Please write NO, if no information	Main findings	Please provide filename for document reference (and complete document reference template, one for each document)
People know that smoking is dangerous to their health	NO		
People know that living with someone who smokes increases their own risk for health problems	NO		
People think that cigarette dependence is a behaviour that you can simply choose to stop (a habit)	NO		
People think that cigarette dependence is a behaviour that is difficult to stop even when you want to (an addiction)	NO		
People know about effective treatment methods	NO		

Treatment seeking behaviour

29. Have there been any surveys, studies, or publications which provide information on the proportion of smokers who have ever used one of the following methods to stop smoking and if so, what are the main findings of the most recent results?

	Date of information Please write NO, if no information	Main findings	Please provide filename for document reference (and complete document reference template, one for each document)
Help from a doctor	NO		
Help from a nurse	NO		
Help from a pharmacist	NO		
Help from a dentist	NO		
Help from friends or family	NO		
NRT products overall	NO		
Nicotine gum	NO		
Nicotine patches	NO		
Other nicotine products, such as lozenges, tablets, Inhaler or nasal spray	NO		
Bupropion tablets	NO		
Herbal remedies	NO		
Hypnotherapy or acupuncture	NO		
Leaflets, books, articles or videos on how to stop smoking	NO		
Advice from the Internet	NO		
Stop smoking competitions	NO		
Stop smoking clinic or group	NO		
Smoking help line telephone service	NO		
Willpower alone	NO		

Smoking behaviour and intentions to quit

- 30.** Have there been any surveys, studies, or publications which provide information on smoking status or intentions to quit, and if so, what are the main findings of the most recent results?

	Date of information Please write NO, if no information	Definition of adult	Proportion of adults (%) who are	Please provide filename for document reference (and complete document reference template, one for each document)
Current smokers:				
Males	Daily- 51% Occasional- 4,4%	(Age 15-64)		ATPH30Latvia
Females	Daily-19% Occasional- 6,4%	(Age 15-64)		ATPH30Latvia
Total	NO			
Tobacco dependent smokers according to Fagerström score:				
Males	NO			
Females	NO			
Total	NO			
Ex-smokers:				
Males	NO			
Females	NO			
Total	NO			
Attempted to quit over a 1 year period				
Males	NO			
Females	NO			
Total	NO			
Considering to quit in next 6 months				
Males	NO			
Females	NO			
Total	NO			

	Date of information Please write NO, if no information	Definition of adult	Proportion of adults (%) who are	Please provide filename for document reference (and complete document reference template, one for each document)
Successfully quit for at least 1 year during last 2 years				
Males	NO			
Females	NO			
Total	NO			

If there is data breaking down the above information in more detail by age or socio-economic group, please provide the data.